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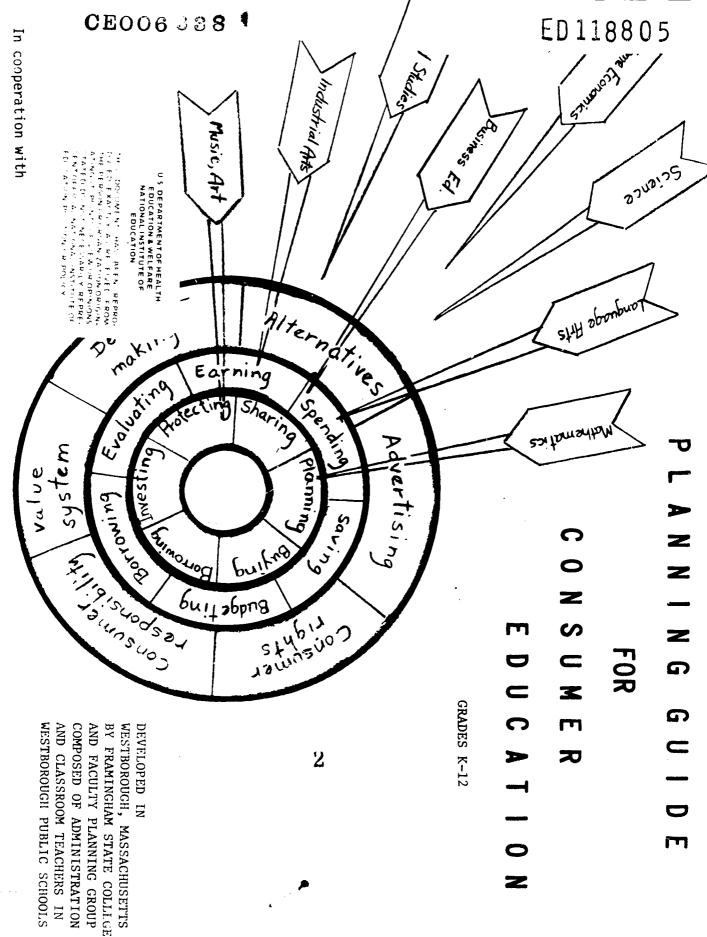
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ABSTRACT

The guide to planning a consumer education program for K-12 was developed by teachers in a Massachusetts school district during a series of workshops; direction was provided by the results of a parent questionnaire. The document is comprised of a resource guide and three outlines of concepts and generalizations to be developed in consumer education, with corresponding learning experiences suggested. There is an outline for each of three grade levels: K-4, 5-8, and 9-12. The resource guide, which comprises the second half of the document, lists textbooks, curriculum guides, audiovisual and multimedia materials, magazines, bibliographies and directories, learning packages, government publications, pamphlets, booklets, and articles. Sources for these materials are given, and, in some cases, prices are indicated. The resource guide includes a list of instructional materials developed in the workshops, for use by local teachers. (AJ)



INTRODUCTION TO PLANNING GUIDE FOR CONSUMER EDUCATION GRADES K-12 IN THE WESTBOROUGH PUBLIC SCHOOLS 1971-72

classroom teacher. The authors of this Planning Guide for Consumer Education hope that this project will be useful to you, the

directing a free enterprise." decision-making procedure based upon his values, evaluate alternatives in the marketplace and get the best buys for his money, understand his rights and responsibilities as a consumer in our society, and fulfill his role in "The purposes of consumer education are to help each student evolve hia own value system, develop a sound

ector is Dr. Constance B. Jordan, Chairman of the Department of Home Economics and project coordinator is Mrs. Department of Education, Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Initiated by Framingham State College, the project dirfor a Pilot School Program in Consumer Education, funded by the Division of Occupational Education, State with the approval of Dr. Edward E. Kelleher, Suparintendent of Schools, Westborough was chosen as the loca-The project was developed in Westborough in 1970-71, and will be tested during 1971-72.

oped the learning materials found in the Planning Guide. day workshop during April vacation. At a summer workshop in July, a group of teachers and the coordinator develdance, Health Council, Home Economics and Special Education - held monthly working sessions and an intensive four The faculty planning group - composed of classroom teachers, and representatives from administration, gui-3

being taught in Westborough. Preliminary results from a parent questionnaire sent to 1500 families in Westborough revealed a need for children to understand the value of money. Their first task was to assemble a "scope and sequence" outline of activities related to consumer education now Members of the faculty planning group developed concepts and learning experiences in consumer education.

Commission and Food and Drug Division, Department of Health, Education and Welfare, as well as faculty consultants, curriculum guides, bibliographies, and learning materials were studied. Resource personnel from Federal Trade meetings including video taping and tape recordings were held with a selected group of students. Reading materials, provided insights in consumer education content end process. Dr. Kenneth Sheldon, Boston University, Miss Joan Broadcorens and Dr. Constance Jordan, Framingham State College The teachers surveyed consumer needs and problems of students through questionnaires to grades 5-12.

Shirley Foss, Miss Sara Gibbons, Irving Gottlieb, Mrs. Winifred Innis, Attila Kariko, Miss Nancy Kuivila, Don State College, 1971. LaBrie, Brute McKay, Mrs. Dorothy Mello, Kenneth Perlow, Robert Ryan, and Miss Margaret Sullivan, Framingham Members of the faculty planning group: Mrs. Florence Bray, Mrs. Priscilla Chapman, Miss Anita Drisko, Mrs.

^{...} • Suggested Guidelines, Presidents Committee on Consumer Interests, Nov., 1970

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KINDERGARTEN - 4TH GRADE

I. CONCEPT: The Value of Money - personal values and goals

Generalizations

A. Our money varies in its denominations.

Suggested Learning Experiences

- fication; children make own models from oak tag. Show actual U.S. currency, models, pictures for identi-
- ? and use models to practice making change. Use models to show equivalents (2 nickels z 1 dims, etc.);
- 8. Money is used to obtain goods and sarvices. 1
- Auction of goods, room jobs, etc. with paper money.
- Classroom "ators" salling empty containers, clay models, stc.
- 3. Using catalog, newspapers, determine how much of a particular item could be bought for a spacific amount. (Christmas gifts, Thankagiving dinner).
- 4. Make and sell items (Valentine cerds) using paper money.
- 5. Paper clip a alip saking "What would you do with this money?" to a paper bill.
- Discuss why money is exchanged rather than goods and services. (Convenience, durability, generally accepted, can be saved).

C. Money is serned.

- -List various occupations known to children, and investigate those not se familiar, seleries.
- 2. Illustrate work done by various occupations.
- List ways children can earn money and record amount earned by each child, by class.
- Goods may be obtained without the use of 1. money.

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- Discuss bartering--by children, by primitive cultures, in newspaper, Yankee, Advertiser ads.
- Collect trading stamps, coupons, boxtops for display.
- 3. Trade aports aquipment.
- Discuss how good credit is established among children, among adults, in business.
- 5. Use models and actual checks to show how they are used.
- Discuss why people often borrow for large purchases.
- 7. Show how financial institutions banks, credit unions, charge accounts, lunch slips, IOU's, are credit.

KINDERGARTEN - 4TH GRADE (cont.)

H. CONCEPT: Our Economic System

Generalizations

Our economic system involves the exchange of goods and services.

Suggested Learning Experiences

- Identify pictures of adults and children at work.
- Use two bulletin boards to show parents who produce goods and parents who produce services.
- ü List people responsible for the goods and services you consumed today.
- specific amount of money. List goods (services) that could be bought with a
- Construct flow chart showing factory-warehouse-storebarter to present time. Discuss time line showing economic system from use of
- Discuse why some people consume, but don't produce home or how one product is made (cotton plant to shirt).
- (age, illness, stc.)
- Make map of town showing public, private businesses.
- its use, raw materials required, source, etc. Write to Chamber of Commerce asking kind of product,
- 50. Make bulletin board of local producers of goods, services.
- Discuss importance of community helpers.

Efficient production often requires the

division of labor.

- Develop bulletin board of home or school under construction, showing various workers.
- show that independent craftsmen also depend on others. Children design two bulletin boards and/or murals to
- ជា Make some article (glasses' case) individually and on children. Discuss advantages, disadvantages of each. Children design two bulletin boards on same topic, one done independently, other done by assigning parts to
- 6 Visit (or tape visit to) industry using assembly line. assembly line. Discuss finished products.
- Chart a specific need (shelter), how families make or maintain it (paint, clean) and others needed (builder).
- pations such as health, necessity, family tradition, age, education, salary, oppor-Various factors influence peoples's occu-Draw clocks showing time family members leave for work. Why are starting times different?

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sonal satisfactions.

tunities available, skills, interests, per-

- Make booklets showing tools used by various workers.
- မှ changes some of his money for goods. (3) The grocer is Use worksheets with four boxes and directions. men is working for a living. He exchanges his labor for money. (2) He is buying food for his family. He ex-(1) This

KINDERGARTEN - 4TH GRADE (cont.)

Generalizations

Suggested Learning Experiences

more goods to sell. goods to sell to the grocer. (Children draw pictures to fill the boxes.) filling his shelves. (4) The manufacturer is producing He exchanges some of his money for

- 4 Make alides showing above ways businesses are dependent on workers making money they wish to spend.
- <u>ب</u> Issue children licenses for jobs in room.

Taxes pay for government services.

- 'n money collected is used. Report of various licenses required in town and how
- မှ kinds of taxes (tolls) paid and how money is used. Children interview parents, storekeepers, report on
- many are employed. Map of publicly owned businesses and utilities, how
- ហ Role-playing--child interviews town clerk about licenses.
- Interview town officer(s), tape interviews.
- services" police, fire protection, etc. Discuss "What if each family was responsible for all
- -Mural of jobs children do in their homes.

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- Picture chart of chores done in the classroom.
- Tape interview with school workers. classroom. Invite them to
- 2. Collage of magazine pictures of workers.
- Exhibit of tools used by various workers.
- ü Puppet show of workers, explaining what they do.
- ance, security, health benefits, vacations). Mobiles of what income may include besides money (insur-
- -Discuss transparency "What is a marketplace?" A marketplace is where goods, services are exchanged.

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Almost everyone is both a consumer and

a producer.

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Every worker is important to his com-

munity but every worker does not earn

the same income.

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A successful economic system requires

cooperative citizens.

- 2 Discuss importance of both consumers and producers; discuss interdependence of consumers and producers.
- ü Role-playing--how (where) worker uses his money.
- materials). Discuss how businesses change as people's wants and phone, handmade nails, large A radio, old building needs change; make a display of products that are outdated and no longer in demand (cil lanterns, old tele-
- **.** Businesses must produce goods and services that people want and will pay for.

When a family employs others to do ita work, it is consuming services.

III. CONCEPT: Making Consumer Choices.

Generalizations

The cost of one item eliminates the services with the same money. opportunity to buy other goods and

- Consider purchasing things we need before things we want. (Needs = food, shelter, clothes)
- per unit, quality. The value of an item depends on cost

• Age, sex, advertising affect consumer choices.

Suggested Learning Experiences

- ۳ Make a bulletin board with family in center surrounded librarian, clothing manufacturer, town employees, etc.). baker, teacher, policeman, builder, military servicemen, by consumer services (doctor, dentist, baby sitter,
- -Set up "store" with empty containers. Study stores to determine arrangement, prices, duties of employees.
- 2 Make chart comparing prices of specific items in several stores.
- မှ Make list of gifts wanted for Christmas, their total brothers' and sisters' list. and individual coats. Add cost of child's, his
- 4 Put pictures of various items on bulletin bosrd. Children play game, estimating cost of each.
- ຸຕ family vacation of equivalent cost. Organize debate on whether to buy color TV or take
- ۳ Debate -- wants and Needs. Children collect pictures, discuss where each belongs, why an item may fit either

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- ? Make collages of Wants and Needs.
- <u>ب</u> product. Figure cost per ounce of large, small packages of same (Cereal, cocoa, ice cream).
- ? differa. Collect labels of similar products to note how quality Make collage of labels.
- မှ Compare cost of item made at home, same one bought in
- 4 Compare cost of two identical products. difference? What makes
- ۳ Each child makes report of how he, his mother, hia girls. Decide which choices may have been made on the chart showing different choices of men, women, boys, baais of influence of advertising. father would spend a specific amount of money. Make
- Compare premium in cereal box to information on box.
- Send for article, compare it to advertising about it.

KINDERGARTEN - 4TH GRADE (cont.)

Generalizations

People's different wants and needs determine their consumer choices.

Suggested Learning Experiences

- Show how number of wants increases as income increases.
 Split bulletin board of boys'/qirls' toys, clothing
- Split bulletin board of boys'/girls' toys, clothing with prices.
- Discuss how choices change with change in income.
- 4. Discuss how esting habits change with cost of food, income, family likes and dislikes.
- Write essay on restrictions on child's personal freedom of choice.

CONCEPT: Living Within Income

Generalizations

A. Income can be supplemented by making use of community services.

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individual.

Time is a limited resource for each

- 1. Make diorsmss of recreational facilities in town.
 2. Figure cost of books borrowed in library if they
- Figure cost of books borrowed in library if they had to be bought. Where does fine money go?
 Why are fees required at ski tow, Sendre Pond? How are
- 3. Why are fees required at ski tow, Sendra Pond? How are they used?
- Chart in form of circle showing how much of day (or week) is used for sleeping, eating, etc.
- Chart showing "An Exciting Way to Spend Saturday"
 using specific amount of money; no money.
 College or display of children's hobbies. Write re-
- 3. Collage or displsy of children's hobbies. Write reports. Interview each other. Chart listing hobbies by cost--free, inexpensive, more expensive.
- Set up hobby committee to help new hobbyists to start, to purchase materials.

I. CONCEPT: The Value of Money

Generalizations

A. Money is of value to an individual in relation to his wants and needs as well as in relation to today's marketplace.

Suggested Learning Experiences

- Investing using "the ent and the grasshopper" theme, make short skits depicting thrifty and spendthrift family situations.
- Visit s local bank as a group to set up a class bank secount with money sarned from lobby show etc.
- 3. Rapair toys charge.
- 4. Instigate discussion with these statements: "Don't put all of your apples in one barrel.". How do savings and investments differ? "Time is money!".
- 5. Suppose you have \$500.00 to put to work for you---?
- 6. Using pictures or actual materials give demonstration talks to show how do-it-yourself projects can help stratch the family incomes.
- 7. Invite banker, investment broker, real estate agent, coetc. to discuse joys and problems of investing money.
- B. Compers prices today vs. "yestarday" and relationship sa value of \$.
- 9. Compare foreign money to U.S. currency.
- 10. compare features available in each price range. "Shop" via catalogues or megazines for various purchases;
- Investigate installment purchasing. Various examples of installment purchases, such as buying a \$100. srticls, but paying for it in 12 payments of \$12.. Figure interest costs.
- 12. Bring in ada to work out which offer the installment plan for appliances, and cars. (Brand, price, intereat, number of payments, charges, guarantee).
- 13. Pick a stock and plot its progress.
- 14. Discuse the merits in shopping around for a "good buy".
- 15. Read erticles on unit pricing; debate advantages and disadvantages.
- 16. Make bulletin board pocketing your \$.
- 17. Discuss how did you spend your last allowance?
- 18. List different ways to obtain money. (weekly, monthly, annually)
- 19. List wents, needs and cash on hand; plan for spending.
- Discuss ways to save money.

Suggested Learning Experiences

Make chart showing substitutes for money such as: trading stamps, tickets, I.O.U.'s, postage stamps, coupons.

- coupons.

 22. Study two different femily-spending patterns. Relate to (their) values and goals.
- 23. Debate or discuse: "Time Is More Important Than Money". . . "Budgets Are Not Practical".
- 24. Discuse habits, such as smoking, that are expensive and what might be done with the money.

II. CONCEPT: Physiological Needs

Generalizations

A. All individuals have physiclogical naeds; such as the need for food, clothing, shelter, health, recreation.

- \$3.00 for a family of 4 5. Use four basic foods.
- Plan a classroom party within a specific budget.
- Compare cost of making an outfit to buying a similar garment.
- 4. Read "Went Ad: Section of the paper. Which homes would you want to inquire about? Why?
- Compare gameric brands of drugs, and cereals for content and effect.
- Take a soap or detergent, use survey.
- 7. Visit a public park, zoo or museum. "If we aren't charged, who pays to feed the bears?" "who pays the men who care for the animals?"
- Read Robinson Crusoe--discuss economic problems faced, effect on appearance, cspital to work with.

III. CONCEPT: The Need for Safety

Generalizations

- Product sefety is both a consumer right and a responsibility.
- 8. Taxes assure citizens of sefety vis police and fire protection and through egencies. In this way citizens share responsibility for safety services.
 - Investigate specific department in town (highway, fire, police), etc.-; find out duties etc.. How these people share in our living in the town; emphasize services bought by tax funds.
- Penel discussion on "Town Without Taxes" examples, no library, schools, police, fire, streets, parks, etc.
- Find out about "hidden taxes: and give reports.

Suggested Learning Experiences

- 4. Tour your school. Observe vendalism estimate cost of repairing or replacing. Emphasize preventing vandalism.
- 5. "Brainstorm" on new and different ways tax money could be acquired.
- 6. Have a speaker from United Fund tell how funds are used and shared and what individual response is.
- 7. Use local town report to find cost of running s town -How tax dollars are spent in relation to fire, police, government, school, etc.
- 8. Salact particular product note safaty features, convenience, utility, etc.
- Bring in ad for new product or product itself new on the market - discuss merits, faults, stc.
- 10. Check publications for reports to consumer fraud or quackery; repair swindles, charity chests, decaptive packaging, home improvement. swindles, and mail frauds.
- 11. Invite speakers from consumer agencies: National Bureau of Standards, FDA, FTC, Better Business Bureau, Health Department; how these agencies can help consumer, their functions, how they protect public, etc.
- 12. Look for ads on TV that might constitute health hazard ksep bulletin board chart.
- 13. Students to write letters of commendation or complaint to menufacturer. Make reports in class.
- 14. List or draw for display Subject "How do I avoid these experiences?" Such as, broken arm or toe, losing property, measles, stolen toys, insect bites, etc. 15. Discuss insurance (school sccident policy) advan-
- tages how it protects parents as well as atudent.
 16. Collect advertisements from newspapers and magazines
 depicting proposed methods of investing money. Dis-
- depicting proposed methods of investing money. Discuss risks and security of each.

 17. Classroom poll different people have different reaches for seving. Classify these.
- sons for saving. Classify these:

Reasons for Savings

Needs Wants

18. "Tell a tale" about how Grandmother or old Uncle Joe hid their savings under the mattress or in the teapot before saving institutions were founded.



Suggested Learning Experiences

- 19. Compare various products (cereal, syrups, puddings, etc.) producta and the way they are packaged and priced. Discuss why certain brands are preferred. Compare like for pricing, product information on label, free offers.
- 20. Make postera with such titles: "For Safety's Sake" "Uss Traveler'a Checks".
- 21. queation. What's in a will? Invite lawyer to discuss this
- bsfall us: Two characters: (a) one planned ahead and obtained insurance check (b) "Bad luck, Charlis!". Prepare a program about accidents and illnesses that

IV. CONCEPT: Love and Belonging

Generalizationa

- A child needs to be accepted by others.
- . Esteem can be fulfilled in various ways.
- Discuss the following statements: situations: school, neighborhood. Pressursa are exerted by the group in various social

the group: One often accepts the social and moral standards of school and gym. sex, shop-lifting, druga, stealing in

- ? to atudent's values and goals. cuss possible reasons for these purchases; relate these Make a list of "Spur of the Moment Purchases" and dis-
- ü satisfaction. Evaluate each purchase as to usefulness and continued
- Plan a budget; investigate ways to cut expenditurea.
- **σ** Suggest practical gift for father or mother.
- Ö credit for various purchases. Construct bulletin board display of ads offering
- ? refrigerator, freezer, television. Dabate the luxury or necessity of certain items: car,
- on his small allowance? What are his alternatives? pin for \$2.00. Should he borrow the money, or depend day is next week. Joe has \$.47, but he wants to buy a Discuss borrowing situations: ex. Joe's mother's birth-

GRADES 5 - 8 (corit.)

Generalizations

Suggested Learning Experiences

- Illustrate sayings that point out problems of credit purchases - (Ex. "Don't get out on a limb") - dream up some others!
- up some others!

 10. Ice a cake simply and a shoe box attractively. Let children choose which they would buy.
- 11. Read and listen to commercials critically for a week; decide what phrases and alogans make one went to buy a product. List the best ones on the chalkboard, making additions daily.

CONCEPT: Salf Actualization

Generalizatione

A. A positive view of self, identification with others and openess to experience are characteristics of the "whole person".

> Proverbe for discussion and charade games: "Budget trouble is when there is too much month

left at the end of the money."

are always buying things we cannot afford!"

"No wonder it is hard to mave money; the neighbors

"Money is a good servent but a poor master."

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"Wasts not, want not."

"No matter how much you have, spand less."

"Experience is the best teacher. Practice is the best of all instructors."

"She makes one dollar do the work of two."

"Penny-wise and pound-foolish."

"Give some, spend some, save some."

"Look out for the nickels, and the dollars will take care of themselves."

"A penny saved is a penny earned."

- Investigate how credit problems and other consumer problems are satirized in the daily paper or comic section.
- Collage on credit, buying, etc.



Suggested Learning Experiences

- Keep chart for time period expenses, goals, income, how one plans to meet goals.
- Start a class newspaper from scratch. List what is needed to begin the business beyond capital outlay on hand. Sell stocks -- (dividends). Plan for initial outlay - cash and equipment: investigate; going public return of capital stc.
- Play Monopoly, Monte Carlo "day" or other simulation games (such as Life Careers).
- Have each student choose a professional career, and then calculate all factors involved in training and education for it.
- 8. Field Trip to bank, etc. Involve students in planning.
- Given a case study of a typical Westborough family, evaluate alternatives.
- 10. Make products for buying and selling; set up a store.

CONCEPT: Making Consumer Choices

Generalizations

- A. Individual and family choices influence, and ere influenced by, market conditions and marketing.
- B. The availability and/or acarcity of remources which include time, energy, ability, knowledge, tools, and money, affect the range of choices.
- C. Disadvantages so well so advantages are usually inherent in the alternative involved in a decision or choice.

Suggested Learning Experiences

- Discuss use of advertisement as media to induce consumer to buy one product over another. Tape T.V. commercials and analyze.
- Compare unit pricing and pricing in independent markets.
 Actual comparison shopping trips. Choose an item
- Actual comparison shopping trips. Choose an item for comparison shopping. Gather information on item from several retail outlets. Compare price, quality, store services, etc. Go to Isndoli's, Stop and Shop, Julio's, Giant, Bradlee's, Mammouth Mart. (Home Economics)
- magazines and compare radio and T.V. media.
- 5. Analyze and compare contents of a specific product. Analyze aspirin, bufferin, bayer and others. (Science)
- 6. Investigate apacific products from health food stores.
- 7. Conduct a rat experiment to show nutritional differences.
 Use two different diets. One nutritionally balanced and the other a teenage diet.
- 8. Investigate costs of purchasing vs. making projects. (Ind. Arts)
- 9. Give a cost sheet for a car. (Ind. Arts)
- Evaluate written agreements. Sales contracts, Analyze rent lease, car lease. (English)
- Research consumer agencies; local, private, county atate, federal. Investigate consumer legislation. Initiate legislation to ban nonreturnables. (Social Studies)
- 12. Procedures for registering complaints. Consumer agencies. Guest lecturers; B.P.B., F.T.C., F.D.A., Consumers Council. (Home Economics, Business Law, Ind. Arts)
- Consider a hobby. Compere costs of sports and recreation equipment.
- 14. Investigate choices which affect health, clothing, food, recreation goods and medicines.
- 15. Investigate factors influencing choice of housing.
- 16. Investigate inexpensive family recreation in this area.
- 7. Analyze cost of convenience items; paper goods, food etc.



GRADES 9 - 12 (cont.)

II. CONCEPT: Value of Money-Personal Values and Goals

Generalizations

- A. The decisions of individuals reflect differences in goals, resources and values.
- 8. Money management is the process of setting up, following evaluating and when necessary, revising a plan for the use of income.
- C. Resources are limited while wents may be unlimited.

Suggested Learning Experiences

- 1. Laws of chance—set s game of chance and discuss psychology of chance. (Math, Psychology, Business Math)
- 2. Stocks and bonds. Buy stocks on paper. Given \$1,000.
 buy 10 stocks and keep track for one term.
- 3. Describe steps in setting up s plan for managing teenagers income. (Business Math, Home Economica, Social Studies)
- List things to consider in evaluating teenager's budget.
- Field trip to local bank; investigate types of services, interest rates etc. (Business Math, Home Economics, Social Studies)
- Evaluate the effect of shoplifting, vandalism and uncollectable dabts on price hikes.
- Visit various plants in area with possible available jobs.
- Have aposkers from various trades to show job specifications.
- Participate in actual job situations. Observe and sesist.
- 10. Discuss constructive use of leisure time; investigate various hobby projects. (Home Economics)

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III. CONCEPT: Consumer Credit

Generalizations

- A. The advantages and disadvantages of using credit are closely related to the financial resources and responsibility of the consumer.
- B. Credit is a service for which consumers pay.
- Investigate costs of buying a car and household furniture. (Ind. Arts)
- Analyze credit legislation. Relationship between credit cards and society. How economy exists without credit.
- Analyze buying of appliances and furniture on credit.
 List types of credit and costs. Contact sources of credit. Analyze costs.
- 4. Investigate various credit plans——such as record of the month club, travel plans, education on credit etc.

GRADES 9 - 12 (cont.)

IV. CONCEPT: Advertising

Generalizations

- A. The return of items that are unsatisfactory to the consumer is one way of communicating with retailers and manufacturers.
- B. The information provided by agencies and industry through advertising is a resource which may assist the consumer.
- C. Let the consumer beware; the purpose of advertising is to sell a particular product.

Suggested Learning Experiences

- Analyze media presentations. (English, Social Studies, Art)
- Study regulations and laws regarding packaging, false advertising, design, etc. local ordinances. Status and position.
- Study impact of design on product sales. (Psychology, Economics, Retailing, Art)

H Resource Materials for Consumer Education Project and located at Haatings School, Westborough, Massachusetts. Contact Bruce McKay through your principal.

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AUDIO/VISUALS AND MULTI-MEDIA MATERIALS

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These resource materials relate to concepts and generalizations in Planning Guide. noted. Locations as

How to Get a Job Father's Raise People Save (Set of 3) Lemonade Stand Saving (1 Master, 2 Transparencies) All People are Consumers To Build a House Texas Pay for Gov't. Sarvices From Factory to Store Wheat to Bread Factory to Store Government Services	GRADE LEVEL 1-4 3-4 K-2 K-4 3-4 X-4 X-4 X-4 3-4	Teams * Taama Teams Teams Teams Schools (H,F) Schools (A,H,F) Schools (A,H,F) Schools (A,H,F) Schools (A,H,F) Schools (A,H,F)	26
From Factory to Store	X-4	Schools (A,H,F)	
Wheat to Bread	X-4	Schools (A,H,F)	்
Government Services	3 7 4	Schoole (H,F)	2
Evaryone Works Together	3-4	Schools (H,F)	
Tran to Home	3-4	Schools (H,F)	
Four Food Groups	3-4	Schools (H,F)	
MASTERS			
Blenk Checks	3-4	Teams	
Deposit/Withdrawal alip	3-4	Teams	
Planning for Saturday	3-4	Teams	
Mr. A Works for Himself and Others	2-3	Teams	

^{*}Teams - refars to folders assembled for each team



^{*}Schools - refers to folder for each school, Armstrong, Fales, Hastings

III. Resource Meterials for Consumer Education - developed by Westborough teachers at July 1971 Workehop and organized by grade level groupings.

NOTE: These resource materials relate to concepts and generalizations in Planning Guide. Locations as noted.

Activity #13 Activity #11 2. Physiological Needs All individuals have pysiological needs: such as the need for food.
Activity #13
Buy Now - Pay Later! Information. Woman in Supermarkat.



CONCEPT

GRADE LEVEL

Ģ The Need for Safaty

right and a resonable butter, Product safety is both a consumer

citizens share responsibility for police and fire protoction end safety services. through agencies. In this way Taxes assure citizans of enfaty via

Activity #19

Activity #1,2,7

"A Primer for Consumer Woman in Supermarket. Thinking". Forbes. Transparencies from

5-8

4 transparencies

5-8

2 at Forbee, 2 at Armstrong 4 masters "Sharing Taxes",

Love and Belonging

4

A child needs to be eccepted by others.

ways. Esteem can be fulfilled in various

Activity #7

Limited Funds and Unlimited for Consumer Thinking" Forbes. Transparency from "A Primer

28

DIRAGO.

Buy now - Pay later! Buying - Should I? Priorities.

Set of 8 transparencies l at Jr. High, 1 at Forbes. "Los Angeles Project" on Credit. Guide available

9<mark>-</mark>0

Activity #9

ភ Self Actualization

of the "whole person". A positive view of self, identito experience are characteristics fication with others and openess Activity #2,3

Credit. Set of 8 transparencies on Same as above

5-6

ហ Self Actualization

Activity #8

GRADE LEVEL

5-8

Armstrong. Deposit and Withdrawal. Banking Services at Jr. High, 3 transparençies on l Jr. High, 2 Forbes, 1 Transparency on Savings l forbes, 1 Armstrong.

Other Resources

4 transparencies - Savings and Withdrawal Slips - 2 Jr. High - 2 Forbes

transparencies - How to Write and Endorse Checks - 2 Jr. High - 2 Forbes

transparencies -Quiz on Checks - 1 Jr. High - 1 Forbes

mesters

transparencies -Writing Checks Quiz - 1 Jr. High - 1 Forbes for Advertising and Propaganda - 4 sets Forbes Lang. Arts.

2 transparancies - on Milk Production.-- Jr. High.

III. Resource Materials for Consumer Education - developed by Westborough teachers at July 1971 Workshop and organized by grade level groupings.

These resource meterials relate to concepts and generalizations in Planning Guide. Locations as noted.*

	2			
	Velue of Money-Personsl		Meking Consumer Choices	CONCEPT
Money manegament is the process of	The decisions of individuals reflect differences in goals, resources, and values.	Disadvantages as well as advantages are usually inherent in the alternative involved in a decision or choice.	The availability and/or scarcity of resources which include time energy, ability, knowledge, tools and money, affect the range of choices.	GENERAL IZAT IONS
Transp. and Master - Income	Transp Getting a Job.	Transp Insurance. Transp Housing.	Transparencies - Where Might You Obtain Loans for the Following - Appliances, Csrs, Shelter, Emergencies, etc. 7 transparencies.	RESOURCE
9-12	9–12	9–12	9-12	GRADE LEVEL

Money management is the process of setting up, following evaluating and when necessary, ravising a plan for the use of income.

tex forms.

Transp. and 2 Masters Dividing Responsibility (Budgets),

Transp. - Deposit Slips,

Transp. - Application for Resdy
Reserve.

Transp. - Application for a loan.

Transp. - Application for a loan.

Transp. and Master - Social Security Form.

Transp. - Where to Get Credit. 9-12

Consumer Credit

The adventages and disadventages of using credit are closely related to the financial resources and responsibility of the consumers.

ü

Transp. - Where to Get Credit. 9
2 Transp. and Mesters - Credit
terms and glossery.
4 Transp. and Mesters - Questions on Credit.
Transp. - Credit (Acceptance and
Rejection).
Transp. - Buy Now Pay Later.
Transp. - Application for a
Credit Card.

Meterials located at High School Home Economics Department

GRADE LEVEL
<pre>- Credit (3"C's" of). 9-12 - Cost of Credit Credit System Credit Questionnaire.</pre>
- Consumer Information. 9-12
TranspAdvertising. TranspFunction of Advertising Information. TranspFunction of Advertising Persussion. TranspInfluences of Advertising.